



# Higher Accounting Assignment Assessment task

# Coursework Finalised Marking Instructions

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### Marking instructions

In line with SQA's normal practice, the following marking instructions for the Higher Accounting assignment are addressed to the marker. They will also be helpful if you are preparing candidates for course assessment.

Candidates' evidence is submitted to SQA for external marking.

## General marking principles

Always apply these general principles. Use them in conjunction with the specific marking instructions, which identify the key features required in candidates' responses.

- a Always use positive marking. This means candidates accumulate marks for the demonstration of relevant skills, knowledge and understanding; marks are not deducted for errors or omissions.
- b If a candidate response does not seem to be covered by either the principles or specific marking instructions, and you are uncertain how to assess it, you must seek guidance from your team leader.
- c Candidates gain marks for showing workings and demonstrating that they have followed accounting processes, even when they present incorrect figures.

#### d Treatment of errors

The specific marking instructions provide guidance on the treatment of errors such as extraneous items, arithmetical errors and consequential errors.

#### e Layouts

The specific marking instructions provide layouts for illustrative purposes only. Do not penalise candidates for using appropriate alternative layouts.

#### f Consequential errors

You must take into account consequential errors. Candidates must receive marks for following the correct accounting processes and using the correct spreadsheet formulae.

#### g +/- rule

You should check both statements before awarding marks for correct entry of Trial Balance items, as they can only appear once.

#### h Formulae

Candidates may use a variety of different formulae to solve problems and provide the information needed in the spreadsheet. Award marks where a formula provides the correct answer. The formula in the specific marking instructions is not the only way to achieve the correct answer.

#### i Printouts

Each task clearly provides printing requirements. Where a printout for a task is missing, award marks for the correct information on any available alternative printout.

sk 1(a)												
GRANGECHEM LTD												
MANUFACTURING ACCOUNT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 3	1 DECEMB	ER YE	AR 4 ✓		ADDITIONA	L GU	IDANCE					
	£000		£000		13 marks							
Opening Inventory of Raw Materials			175	A								
add Purchases of Raw Materials	948			В								
less Purchases Returns of Raw Materials	25		923	B1								
			1,098									
add Carriage In on Raw Materials			41	C								
			1,139									
less Closing Inventory of Raw Materials			160	<b>A1</b>								
COST OF RAW MATERIALS CONSUMED ✓			979									
ADD DIRECT COSTS					If direct co	sts or	factory	 overheads	are dedu	cted but		
Royalties	92	C1			indicated as		-					
Manufacturing Wages (360 x 50%)	180	1	272									
PRIME COST ✓			1,251									
ADD FACTORY OVERHEADS					If factory o	verhe	ads are s	ubtracted	, award r	narks whe	re	
Wages (360 x 20%)	72	1			possible and							
Indirect Factory Power	132	D										
Heat and Light (65 x 80%)	52	Ε										
Factory Rent and Rates (255/15 x 12) x 75%	153	1										
Factory Insurance (40 x 3/5)	24	1										
Factory Cleaning (25 + 5 payable)	30	1										
Factory Maintenance	75	D1										
Depreciation on Factory Machinery (650 - 175) x 20%	95	1	633		If Factory A	Machir	nery (Cos	t) is inclu	ded, do n	ot		
			1,884		award Depr	eciati	on on Fac	ctory Macl	ninery			
add Opening Inventory of Work-in-Progress			168	F	<u> </u>							
			2,052									
less Closing Inventory of Work-in-Progress			157	F1								
FACTORY COST OF PRODUCTION ✓			1,895									
Profit on Manufacture			55	1	If Profit on	Manu	facture i	slabelled	but is			
MARKET VALUE OF FINISHED GOODS			1,950		negative sti	ll awa	rd the m	ark				
Headings, labels, arithmetic, no extraneous (1)					J							

INCOME STATEMENT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DEC	EMBER YEAR 4	✓				ADDITIONAL GUIDANCE					
	£000	£000		£000		14 marks					
Sales Revenue				3,100	G	If any item repeated across both statements do					
LESS COST OF SALES						not award in correct statement					
Opening Inventory of Finished Goods		160	Н								
add Market Value of Finished Goods		1,950	G1			If Factory Cost of Production is included instead					
		2,110				of Market Value, award 1 mark consequentially,					
add Purchases of Finished Goods	105		J			provided it is the final figure shown in the					
ess Purchases Returns of Finished Goods	22	83	J1			Manufacturing Account					
		2,193									
less Closing Inventory of Finished Goods		161	H1								
		2,032									
add Warehouse Wages (360 x 15%)	54		1								
add Warehouse Expenses	22	76	1								
COST OF SALES				2,108							
GROSS PROFIT ✓				992							
add Profit on Manufacture				55	1						
				1,047							
LESS EXPENSES											
Administration Wages (360 x 15%)		54	1								
Heat and Light (65 x 20%)		13	E1								
Rent and Rates (255/15 x 12) x 25%		51	1								
Office Expenses		325	K								
Depreciation on Vehicles (400 x 10%)		40	1								
Advertising		10	K								
Office Insurance (40 x 40%)		16	1								
Administration Expenses		265	K1	774							
				273							
ADD OTHER INCOME						If entered as Provision for Doubtful Debts as 5 award 1 m					
Decrease in Provision for Doubtful Debts (12-7)				5	1	entered as Decrease in Provision for Doubtful Debts as 7 o					
PROFIT FOR THE YEAR ✓				278		not award (DNA) 1 mark					
						If entered as Provision for Doubtful Debts as 7 treat as					
Headings, labels, arithmetic, no extraneous (1)						Extraneous					

T	ask 1(b)		ADDITION	NAL GUIDANCE	
			3 marks		
	Raw Materials refers to the inventory used to produce the product. (1)				
	Work-In-Progress refers to products only part complete. (1)				
	Finished Goods refers to completed products/products ready for sale. (1	1)			

	A	В	С	D	E	F	G	Н	ı	J
1	Task 2 — value view								ADDITIONAL	GUIDANCE
2	Name:								1 mark	
3										
4	Materials				Labour					
5	Quantity from Process 1 (kg)	800			Hours worked in Process 2	400				
6	Price per kg from Process 1 (£)	10.00			Rate per hour (£)	15.00				
7	Quantity of Material X (kg)	1,600								
8	Price per kg for Material X (£)	7.00			Variable Overheads					
9					Input Quantity more than 2,300 kgs	4.00	per labour hour (£)			
10	All losses are sold (per kg) at a rate of (£)	6.00			Input Quantity 2,300 kgs or less	4.50	per labour hour (£)			
11										
12										
13	PROCESS 2 ACCOUNT									
14		INPUTS	1		OUTPUTS	1		BALANCE	T	
15		QTY	CPU	£	QTY	CPU	£	QTY	CPU	£
16	Transfer from Process 1	800	10.00	8,000.00				800	10.00	8,000.00
17	Material X	1,600	7.00	11,200.00				2,400		19,200.00
18	Labour			6,000.00				2,400		25,200.00
19	Fixed Overheads			2,520.00				2,400		27,720.00
20	Variable Overheads			1,600.00				2,400		29,320.00
21	Normal Loss				240	6.00	1,440.00	2,160		27,880.00
22	Closing Work-in-Progress				450		3,940.00	1,710	14.00	23,940.00
23	Transfer to Process 3				1,500	14.00	21,000.00	210	14.00	2,940.00
24	Abnormal Loss				210	14.00	2,940.00	0		0.00
25										
26										
27	ABNORMAL LOSS ACCOUNT									
28		INPUTS			OUTPUTS		<b>_</b>	BALANCE	T	
29		-			QTY	CPU	£	QTY	CPU	£
H	Process 2	210	14.00	2,940.00				210	14.00	2,940.00
	Cash and Cash Equivalents				210	6.00	1,260.00	0		1,680.00
32	Income Statement						1,680.00			0.00
33										
34	Data cells highlighted yellow 1 mark									

Task 2 — formula view										ADDITIONA	AL GUIDANCE		
Name:										12 marks			
Materials					Labour								
Quantity from Process 1 (kg)	800				Hours worked in Process 2	400							
Price per kg from Process 1 (£)	10				Rate per hour (£)	15							
Quantity of Material X (kg)	=B5*2	1											
Price per kg for Material X (£)	7				Variable Overheads								
					Input quantity more than 2,300 kgs	4	per labour hour (£)						
All losses are sold (per kg) at a rate of (£)	6			-	Input quantity 2,300 kgs or less	4.5	per labour hour (£)						
PROCESS 2 ACCOUNT													
	INPUTS				OUTPUTS			BAI	LANCE				
	QTY	CPU	£		QTY	CPU	£	QT	Υ	CPU	£		
Transfer from Process 1	=B5	=B6	=B16*C16	1				=B1	16	=C16	=D16		
Material X	=B7	=B8	=B17*C17	1				=H1	16+B17-E17		=J16+D17-G17		
Labour			=F5*F6	1				=H1	17+B18-E18		=J17+D18-G18		
Fixed Overheads			=J18*0.1	Ĺ				=H1	18+B19-E19		=J18+D19-G19		
Variable Overheads			=IF(H17>2300,F5*F9,F5*F10)	1				=H1	19+B20-E20		=J19+D20-G20		
Normal Loss					=H20*0.1	=B10	=E21*F21 1	1 =H2	20+B21-E21		=J20+D21-G21		
Closing Work-in-Progress					450		3940	=H2	21+B22-E22	=J22/H22	=J21+D22-G22	1	CPU formula
Transfer to Process 3					1500	=122	=E23*F23	=H2	22+B23-E23	=J23/H23	=J22+D23-G23		
Abnormal Loss				-	=H23	=122	=E24*F24	=H2	23+B24-E24		=J23+D24-G24	1	For all balance formulae.
													Accept any appropriate formulae.
ABNORMAL LOSS ACCOUNT													rormutae.
	INPUTS				OUTPUTS			BAI	LANCE				
	QTY	CPU	£		QTY	CPU	£	QT	Υ	CPU	£		
Process 2	=E24	=F24	=G24					=B3	30	=C30	=D30	1	for row
Cash and Cash Equivalents					=H30	=B10	=E31*F31	=H3	30-E31		=J30-G31	1	for row
Income Statement							=J31				=J31-G32	1	for row

A	В	С	D	E	F	G	Н	1	J
1 Task 2									
2 Name:									
3									
4 Materials				Labour					
5 Quantity from Process 1 (kg)	800			Hours worked in Process 2	d				
6 Price per kg from Process 1 (£)	d			Rate per hour (£)	d				
7 Quantity of Material X (kg)	f								
8 Price per kg for Material X (£)	d			Variable Overheads					
9				Input quantity more than 2,300 kgs	d	per labour hour (£)			
10 All losses are sold (per kg) at a rate of (£)	6.00			Input quantity 2,300 kgs or less	d	per labour hour (£)			
11									
12									
13 PROCESS 2 ACCOUNT									
14	INPUTS				BALANCE				
15	QTY	CPU	£	QTY	CPU	£	QTY	CPU	£
16 d	f	f	f				f	f	f
17 d	f	f	f				f		f
18 d			f				f		f
19 d			f				f		f
20 d			f				f		f
21 d				f	f	f	f		f
22 d				d		d	f	f	f
23 d				d	f	f	f	f	f
24 d				f	f	f	f		f
25									
26									
27 ABNORMAL LOSS ACCOUNT									
28	INPUTS		1	OUTPUTS	_		BALANCE	1	1
29	QTY	CPU	£	QTY	CPU	£	QTY	CPU	£
30 d	f	f	f				f	f	f
31 d				f	f	f	f		f
32 d						f			f

Task 3(a)													
Production Budget for January	to June ✓								ADDITIONAL GUIDA	NCE			
	January		February	March	April	May	June		4 marks				
Closing inventory	600		560	620	540	580	600	1	1 mark for correct	January C	pening and	June Clo	sing Inventory
add Sales	2,500		3,000	2,800	3,100	2,700	2,900	1	1 mark for correct	heading a	nd Sales ur	nits	
	3,100		3,560	3,420	3,640	3,280	3,500						
less Opening inventory	500	*	600	560	620	540	580	1	1 mark for both hig				
Production	2,600		2,960	2,860	3,020	2,740	2,920	1	1 mark for adding (	losing Inv	entory AN	D	
									deducting Opening	Inventory			
Task 3(b)						ADDITIONAL	GUIDANCE						
Cash Budget for March and Api	il ✓					13 marks							
	March		April										
Opening Balance ✓	20,000	✓	55,755										
Add Receipts ✓						Accept Cash	In/Inflows/In	come	2				
Cash Sales	58,800		65,100	1		·							
Credit Sales - 1 month	79,380	1	74,088	1									
Credit Sales - 2 months	46,550	1	55,860	1		If bad debts	are shown DN	A cre	edit sales 2 months				
	184,730		195,048										
Less Payments ✓						Accept Cash	Out/Outflows	s/Exp	enditure				
Materials	60,400		54,800	1		Do not accer							
Labour	42,900		45,300	1									
Advertising	-		3,000	1									
Fixed Costs	1,000		1,000	1									
Variable Overheads - 25%	3,575		3,775	1		If Variable O	verheads tota	al 14,9	900 and 14,050 award	1 mark I	mplied		
Variable Overheads - 75%	11,100		10,725	1		If Variable O	verheads corr	ectly	shown for one montl	n award 1	mark		
Factory Machinery	30,000		60,000	1									
	148,975		178,600										
Closing Balance 🗸	55,755	✓	72,203	✓									
Heading, labels, arithmetic,	 Opening and Clo	 osir	 ng Balances sho	 wn (1)									

#### [END OF MARKING INSTRUCTIONS]